DR. PRIOR IS A PENSION SURGEON AND ALSO A TAMMANY MAN.

He Takes the Pince on the Central Board of Dr. J. C. Morton, Who is Informed of the Appointment and by Implication of His Own Removal-Has Col. Monroe Pallen From Mis Exatted Political Perch !

Dr. William R. Pryor, the son of Judge Pryor, has been appointed a pension surgeon on the Central Board in New York city in place of Dr. J. C. Morton, removed, and the question comes up again who is Col. Robert Grier

Dr. Pryor's experience when he applied for the place of pension surgeon was told in Ter Sun on Sept. 15. To get him the appointment his father called in the service of Congress man Daniel 1. Sickles, who is a persona friend of Pension Commissioner Lochran. Mr. Bickles wrote a pleasant note to Mr. Lochran introducing Dr. Pryor, and telling the young man's mission. Dr. Pryor took the note to Mr. Lochran, who said:

"I am glad to see you, Doctor, but before this appointment is made I would like to have you take this note of Congressman Sickles to Col take this fiver Monroe of New York." The Doc-tor found Col. Monroe at his office at 140 Nas-sau street, and the following conversation oc-

ol. Monros Doctor, are you a member of Tammany

curred:

(cl. Monros—Doctor, are you a member of Tammany Ball?

The Doctor—I am.
(cl. Monros—You will have to leave that organization before you can get this appointment.

(cl. Monros—I this appointment is dependent on my leaving tammany Hall? I do not want the place.

Then the Doctor said "Good afternoon." and reported the result to his father. The Judge reported to Congressman Sickles. The Congressman was annoyed and reported to Congressman Was annoyed and reported to Congressman Was annoyed and reported to Congressman was begun to lind out who Col. Monroe was and by what inspiration Commissioner Lockan had referred Dr. Pryor to him. May be they have found out in Washington who Col. Molert Grier Monroe is. At all events it is evilent that he has been called down hard by Commissioner Lochran or Secretary Smith or the President. Dr. Pryor is a Tammany man.

Nothing was heard of the Colonel or of the appointment until yesterday, when Dr. J. C. Morton, one of the three members of the Central Board, got a big envelope containing an official communication, which announced that he new Hoard just appointed was made up of Dr. R. Is. Pritchard. Dr. J. G. Truax, and Dr. W. R. Pryor. There was no formal notice that.

W. R. Pryor. There was no formal notice that the same kind of a nevelope when he was appointed he assumed that he had been, and he began pondering over the question: "Who the deuce is Col. Monroe, and why am I removed."

The Board, of which the Doctor was a memoved."

the deuce is Col. Monroe, and why am I removed?"

The Board, of which the Doctor was a member was composed, up to Aug. 17, of Dr. T. K. Tuthill, Dr. William T. Miller, and Dr. Morton. On that date Dr. Tuthill and Dr. Miller were removed and Dr. Morton was reappointed with the two associates of Dr. Fryor. To be so unceremoniously bounced after six weeks and without any charges having been preferred against him, hurt Dr. Morton. He is a fopublican. He was first appointed in 1885, and served two years, when he was reappointed by Corporal Tanner, and then served until be was reappointed by Commissioner Lochran. Dr. Morton was seen last night at his home. 223 West Twenty-second street by a reporter of The Sun. It wasn't the place he cared for, esaid, but the way they had of doing business." "Year "he said reflectively." can you tell me

ness.
"Say." he said reflectively, "can you tell me who this Col. Robert Grier Monroe is?"
The fees of a pension surgeon amount to about \$1,400 a year when applicants are ALBERT E. PILLSBURY WITH DRAWS

He Wants Greenbalge to be Governor of Boston, Oct. 3.-The Hon. Albert E. Pills-

bury to-day issued the following letter: So many inquiries are being made by the press and others as to my position and purposes, that it is proper for me to make a brief statement for the information of my friends and others interested. I have been so engaged for the last two weeks as to know very little of what was going on in the political field, and have not yet obtained full information of the present situation and the preferences of the delegates. It have no doubt that more delegates are friendly to me than I have been generally credited with. The published statement of 800 is an near the truth as the most careful inquiry can make it, but it is evident that Mr. Greenhalge use more, and has enough to fairly entitle him to the nomination, and perhaps to securally.

wittle him to the nomination, and perhaps to see bit.

but these circumstances, it is plain to me that that the remove all obstacles from his path, so far as able, and as my office and the duties belonging to revent me from active participation in the camm, lought to do all now that can be done for the rest of the candidacy. I would not listen to the restion of any combination or arrangement among reandidates. Such a movement is neither good lite nor fair play. If I had anticipated a struggle the nomination I should not have been a candidacy and influence in the party that my candidacy is and influence in the party interest. I shall now do that will contribute most to utile the party upon the ling candidate. y grateful for the confidence and support is. They have made a clean and honorable

all consure in the view that my proper course, in lerest of the party, is to promote the nomination at the of Mr. tireenhaige, and I have written him

When notified to-day of the withdrawal from the Gubernatorial race of Attorney-General Pilishury, ex-Mayor Hart, who was also a can-didate, said: that Mr. Greenhalge is assured of "Now that Mr. Greenhaige is assured or more than the required number of delegator, it will be useless for me to run, and I should be only too pleased to second Mr. Greenhaige's momination."

Lowett, Mass., Oct. 3.—The following correspondence is made public by Mr. Greenhaige this evening:

Bosyos, Oct. 3.

respondence is made public by Mr. Greenbalge this seening:

Not Dass Gerenbalge: I am not yet out of court long strong in the have learned much of the political estuation in the control of the political estuation in the profession of delegates. I am at the political estuation in the profession of th

laterested in the Scharf Investigation.

The official announcement from Washington that Secretary Carlisle had directed an investigation to be made by a Treasury specia agent of the complaint of Chang Ah Hung, a New York Chinese merchant, against J Thomas Scharf, Chinese inspector, was variously received in the Custom House yesterday The complaint of the merchant is that Scharf called him a loafer and other vile names. The Chinese merchant, in his complaint to Mr. Carlisle, said that Scharf's conduct typlied a loafer of the lowest type. This was pretty strong language to put in an official combiant to the Secretary. The investigation is awaited with interest, because Mr. Scharf has nobody but a special agent for associate. His office is with the special agents in New York, and they all flock together. Moreover, Worry S. Charles, Mr. Scharf's Chinese interpreter, who was arrested for blackmalling Chinese merchants, and is out of the Tembs on \$5,000 ball, is the daily associate of Mr. Scharf in the Custom House, Charles a trial has been repeatedly postponed at the Tombs, and this is the mysterious part of the whole matter. The complaint of the merchant is that Schar

Republican Convention Programme, Ex-Senator Platt of Tioga and the Fighth

assembly district of New York city has returned to town from Nyack and was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night for the first time Fifth Avenue ilotel last night for the first time in several months. He will start with his brethren for the Syracuse Convention to-morrow. The herublicans say that they propose to put by a road fight this fall, but according to the measure programme the national issues of their party will not be introduced in the resolutions and other documents at Syracuse. They propose to make the fight on Judge Maynac, the Judgesto make the fight on Judge Maynac, the Judgesto make the fight on Judge Maynac, the Judgesto make the fight of conduct any part of the fight on the tariff issue. This may be objected to by the young hepublicans.

Immigrant Inspectors Appointed.

Washington, Oct. 3. - Secretary Carlisle ap solnted to day H. A. Heubsamen, Dr. Lorenzo Cite, William H. Cochran, and Samuel E. longase New York, immigrant inspectors, the removed James C. Slaght, immigrant in-spector.

That doyful Feeling

CONVENTIONS UP THE STATE

County-Senator O'Connor Benominated. GENESEO, N. Y., Oct. 3.-The Democratic Convention here to-day was a counterpart of the Democratic Second Assembly District Convention at Addison, also held to-day. The Hill men had control of the County Committee, and placed on the roll a majority of their men. The Cleveland men said they had carried ten f the seventeen towns, and when the action of the committee was announced, shutting out the regularly elected delegates from the towns of Livonia, Leicester, and Spring Water-all Cleveland men-the excitement was intense-Chairman Ewart of the County Committee, led the Hill men, and Fletcher C. Peck of Nunda, the administration forces. Each side elected a Chairman and Secretary, and each appointed

committees on contested sents.
The Cleveland men elected Fletcher C. Peck. Dr. James E. Crisfield, and Charles H. Blackman delegates to the State Convention: B. G. Foss, E. R. Creveling, and R. M. Place delegates to the Constitutional Convention. and B. G. Foss, E. R. Creveling, Norman Gibbs, John Peels, and Harry Peck delegates to the Senatorial Convention. They also adopted the following:

Remired. That the Democrats of Livingston county have entire confidence in the ability of the Democracy of the several towns of this county to manage their local affairs, and that their right so to do through their sev hereby denounce the assumption of power by said Cen-tral Committee as wholly without authority and an outrage upon the rights of Democrats.

Resolved, That we denounce the machine methods

now used in the State of New York, and to day for the first time exemplified in this Convention by the arbitrary exercise of power to stiffe and suppress the honest voice of a majority of the Democrats of Livingston county, as expressed at the caucus and of ten out of the aventeen towns of said county by majoritles ranging from 38 to 141.

The Hill men elected Charles F. Wadsworth, George S. Ewart, and R. W. Cole delegates to the State Convention. These were chosen for the Constitutional Convention: F. W. Horton, H. W. Robins, and J. E. Lockington. For the Senate Convention D. A. Fraser, H. Joseph Clarke, R. V. Callan, Patrick Gray, and John McVickers were selected. Each faction elected a county committee.

Senate Convention D. A. Fraser. H. Joseph Clarke, R. V. Callan, Patrick Gray, and John McVickers were selected. Each faction elected a county committee.

BINGHAMTON, Oct. 3.—The Republican Senate Convention for the Twenty-fifth district met in this city to-day and renominated Edmund F. O'Connor for State Senator on the fourth ballot. The counties of Broome, Chenango, Cortland, Delaware, and Tioga were each represented by seven delegates, and each county presented a nominee for State Senator. Broome presented Edmund F. O'Connor: Chenango, John W. Church: Tioga, Dr. Johnston; Cortland, Rufus I. Peck, and Delaware, R. Hume Grant. The Convention was entirely harmonious, Mr. O'Connor made a speech in which he defended his record in the Senato last winter.

CORNING, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Livingston county Republicans have nominated Otto Kelsey of Geneseo for member of Assembly. There were four candidates. William Carter of Avon was nominated for District Attorney.

In the Niagara district Assemblyman Elton T. Ransom, who declined the Democratic renomination for the Assembly has reconsidered his action, and to-day decided to accept. MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Republican Senate Convention of the Second district of Orange county renominated John Kinsila for Member of Assembly by acclamation.

GENEVA, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Republican Senate Convention to-day renominated Senator Saxton on the first ballot, the vote standing: Saxton, 19: Hunter, 9: Titus, 9.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Republican Senate Convention to-day renominated Senator Saxton on the first ballot, the vote standing: Saxton, 19: Hunter, 9: Titus, 9.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Republican Senate Convention of the Second Commissioner district have nominated Miss Clara A. Kellogg of Westmoreland for School Commissioner district have nominated county is a woman.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Democratic former in convention her to-day there was a first have nominated montion county as woman.

Westmoreland for School Commissioner. Each of the four Democratic candidates for this office in Oneida county is a woman.

Kingston, N. Y., Oct. 3.—In the Democratic county convention here to-day there was a contest for choice of Senate delegates between the Hon. Jacob Rice of this city and George H. Bush of Ellenville, the former securing the delegates by a vote of 44 to 24.

In the Republican First District Convention held here to-day no anti-Platt delegation was elected to the State Convention. Ex-Postmaster John S. Everett was Chalirman of the Convention. An effort to select Charles F. Cantice and Severyn B. Sharps, son of Appraisar George H. Sharps, as two of the delegates failed. The delegates selected were: G. D. B. Hasbrouck, Charles Davis, James F. Csterhoudt, Vactor Shultis, John S. Everett. Alternates—N. M. Nash, Walter C. Dolson, W. E. Reynolds, A. J. Simpson, and Michael Burna.

Thoy, Oct. 3.—At the second Republican Assembly District Convention in Petersburgh to-day Assemblyman John M. Chambers of Lansingburgh was renominated by acciamation. These were elected delegates to the Republican State Convention:

Ex-Congressman John A. Quackenbush. William Brown, C. W. Criven, H. W. Gordinier, Charles H. Hitchecek, the Hon. Richard A. Derrick, and George W. Johnes.

ONEIDA, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Madison county Republicans at Morrisville to-day nominated L. B. Kern for the Assembly.

United School of the Madison county Democrats to-day nominated George B. Fellows of Unaddilla for Assemblyman. State Delegates are: W. H. Ely, Shirley S. Huntington, H. D. Luce. The Madison county liepublicans nominated Lambert B. Kern of Deruyter for Assembly.

W. H. Ely, Shirley S. Huntington, H. D. Luce. The Madison county Republicans nominated Lambert B. Kern of Deruyter for Assembly. FLMIRA, Oct. 3.—At the Republican County Convention held at Horseheads to day the following were elected delegates to the State Convention: J. S. Fassett, Dr. Henry Flood, Abner C. Wright, G. Dana Rhoades, William Van-Duzer, and J. L. Radin.

JEWS WILL LEARN ENGLISH

So They Can Rend Their Ballots and Avoid Selling Their Votes.

The Workingmen's Independent Political Club, an organization of east side Hebrews, formed for the ostensible purpose of knocking out the Socialist-Labor party, neld another mass meeting in Golden Rule Hall, 125 Rivington street, last night. It is evident that the Anarchists are going to run the concern. Scattered among the audience were a number of the professional the audisince were an umber of the professional hungry unemployed people who engineered the late meetings in Covenant and Walhaila halls and tried to start fake bread riots. S. Freedman presided and predicted that the club would become a great power in the city. All the speakers marreed that it was unadvisable to sell their votes.

One speaker said: "We will show the world that the Jews can form a political club and have just as much power as the Gentiles."

The Chairman suggested that they should have a teacher of English, so that they sould learn to read the ballots and know what they were doing on election day. The suggestion was adopted by acclamation, and Mr. Hershoffer was appointed. He belongs to the Pike street coterie of Anarchists, and made a short speech in which he said he would undertake the job.

James A. Donegan wants to succeed Patrick H. Roche in the Assembly. He says the nomination was promised him by Leader Fitzpatrick last year provided he would not Fitzpatrick inst year provided he would not bolt loche's nomination then, and now Roche is on the slate to be renominated. Last night a committee of 100 of the James A. Donegan Association visited Mr. Fitzpatrick, and presented a set of resolutions demanding Donegan's nomination. The committee didn't get an answer. A copy of the resolutions was also sent to Mr. Croker, with a threat that the Donegans would withdraw from Tammany Hali if Roche wasn't turned down. Mr. Roche has represented the Fourth district in the Assembly six years.

Long Island Nominations,

RIVERHEAD, Oct. 3.-A Republican County Convention was held here to-night. The nom-Convention was held here to-night. The nominations made for the county officers are:

Member of Assembly, Richard Higble, Babylon; County Treasurer, Albert M. Darling, Riverhead: Sheriff, John S. O'Brien, Saville; District Attorney, Walter H. Jaycox, Riverhead: Superintendent of Poor, David S. Sheriff, East Hampton: School Commissioner, First district, Charles H. Howell, Riverhead: Second district, Nicoli Floyd, Moriches.

Judge Robertson Not a Candidate,

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 3.-Judge Robert son announced for publication to-day that he would not accept a nomination for the Senate. He said that he could have it unanimously if

He has served more years in the Senate than any other man, and is not an aspirant for any political honors. Col. E. A. McAlpin of Sing Sing is now the most prominently mentioned man for the Senatorship.

Homespathic College Opening.

The New York Homosepathic Medical Coliege and Hospital held the opening exercises of the fall session in the college hall last even ing. Prof. William Tod Helmuth succeeds
Prof. F. Ailen as dean of the hospital.
A silver service was presented to Prof. Allen.
Prof. Helmuth made the presentation speech
Judge Cowing. President of the Board of Trustees, and hichard M. Hos made speeches.

The absurdly low prices for furniture continue at Piint Co.'s, 14th st., near 6th av. - 4os.

DR. STOECKER ON THE JEWS.

AN ANAWER TO THE QUESTION HE BAYS EVERY ONE ASKS HIM.

Germany, Ha Says, Judatum Represents Mammon and Revolution-No Jew Balt-ing Is Needed in the United States,

The famous Dr. Adolf Stoecker, leader of the anti-Semites of the German Empire, the most persistent and vindictive denouncer of the Jewish race that has ever spoken from pulpit or platform, a man whom even the German Kaiser was compelled to abandon for a while on account of the virulence of his animosities, Men's Christian Association building on Twenty-third street last night.

"Three-quarters of my life and my work," he said, with a smile, "are taken up by my church work, my literary work, and my religion. The remaining quarter is devoted to politics and affairs of state. Of that quarter only a small fraction-I am a very busy manis given up to the consideration of the Semitic question. And yet, wherever I co. I am hesleged by interviewers, who ask me nothing about my politics, nothing about my church work, nothing about German affairs, nothing about my literary views, nothing about any thing but 'Herr Stoecker, how is it about the

And the reverend gentleman joined in the laughter which followed. Now, in this speech, Dr. Stoecker devoted an hour to the decline of holiness in Germany, three-quarters of hour to the progress of socialism, and the remaining fifteen minutes -

"Well," he said, "you would all be surprised If I did not refer to it, but I have very little to

A man of medium height, of stout build, with s bullet-shaped head, heavy, frowning eyebrows, keen blue eyes, deep lines of determination, a face bristling with aggressivenessthere you have the Rev. Dr. Stoecker. He is not an orator, but he spoke like a man who had a great many things to say and was anxlous to say them.

The hall was crowded and hundreds of people stood in the aisies. Among the faces in the audience were many of a strong Semi-tic character, and these were the faces that were turned most intently upon the speaker. When 1r. Stocker arose to speak there was great applause, which quickly died away, when he powed his head and said in a low

fire and give us a few hours of holy feeling.

Amen.

Then he read as a text, "Thou canst not serve God and Mammon."

I am giad," he said, "that I am no longer court chaplain, for now I can go freely wheresoever feed leads me. Like an arrow from the bow I flew from my Alpine home to Chicago—a typical American mode of traveiling, Liaughter: And I am giad to be here. I see by this friendly greeting that you do not believe everything that has been blown across the ocean about me.

He then began to speak about the great changes that have come about in Germany during the past twenty-live years. He described at length the feeling of religion and patriotism which prevailed in Germany during the war.

"For three years," he said, "I was military."

scribed at length the feeling of religion and patriotism which prevailed in Germany during the war.

"For three years," he said, "I was military chaplain at Metz. During that time I saw countless widows and mothers come to nurse their wounded or take home their dead. Never in all that time did I hear a widow bemoan that her husband had given up his life for the Patherland, and a mother ery because her son had died for his country. Men were found dead upon the battlefield with their military hymn books in their hands. They had spent their last moments in attempting to sing a holy song. But what a change has come over that devotion to the Fatherland, and that invalty to the King! Where is the German spirit of patriotism and religion? To-day in Berlin forty children out of every 100 that are born are not baptized, and Berlin is not the worst city in the empire. Do you know the cause of It all?

"Thou canst not serve God and Marymon, It was the flye militards! The terrent of gold.

worst city in the empire. Do you know the cause of it all?

"Thou canst not serve God and Mammon," It was the five milliards! The torrent of gold that swept from rich France into peor Germany carried away the German feeling of belief and sent the children of the Fatherland seampering after the god Mammon. And to-day we are not yet out of that misery.

"Nevertheless, there is one thing to console us. In the German heart the spirit of religion is so firmly planted that nothing can cradicate it. While I was at the religious congress in Chicago I heard that a German had appeared there with a new religion. I had never heard of it before. It had nothing to do with God or with the soul, and it did not believe in a hereafter. The inventor or discoverer, whichever he was, called it Idealism. And I thought to mysell. How truly German this is! Here is a man who does not want to believe in any religion, who hates all religions, and yet, in whose breast the spirit of religion is so firmly planted that he has to go and get up a religion of bis and "I hambred".

planted that he has to go and get up a religion of his own!" [Laughter].

Dr. Stoecker then began to speak of the rise and progress of socialism in Germany.

"You cannot imagine," he said, "what we have suffered from this movement. Every condition of society has been threatened, the wildest songs have been sung, and the most inflammatory speeches have been made. I did all in my power to stem its course. I organized the Christian Socialist party. I went to a builetin board in a favorite boulevard one

inflammatory speeches have been made. I did all in my power to stem its course. I organized the Christian Socialist party. I went to a bulletin board in a favorite bonievard one day and rosted a notice that I would address a meeting of Christian Socialists that night.

"My friends did not come, but in their place came some 1,500 Social Democrats. At their head was fleer Most (inugiter), who, I hear, is as well known here as he is in Berlin. When I arose to speak. Herr Most said, Now this holy gentleman is going to address us. My friends, I will piedge myself and all of you to maintain perfect slience until he has finished. He will get his answer then.

"Now, I thought that was very nice of him. Of course, if he had told them to hiss me out of the hail they would have done it, too. But they listened without a murmur. I haid before them my ideal socialism. They greeted me with applause. When I had finished Most spoke, but it is unnecessary for me to add that he was received with even greater applause than I. He ripped me to pieces in such a masterly manner that I was quite glad to get out alive. At another meeting, at which a great many of my friends were present. Most came in and cried to his friends. Sing the workmen's Marselliaise." I cried to my friends to sing 'Ein feste Burg ist unser dot! and for nearly ten minutes these two choruses struggled to outsing each other. [Laughter.] "I must refer to another question." he continued "You would all be surprised if I did not make some reference to the Jewish question in Germany, it was published in some newspaper that I had promised before coming here that I would not say a word on this subject. That, of course, is ridiculous, but at the same time it is self-evident that if I go to Chicago on a religious mission it would not only be bad taste but exceedingly presumptions on my part to bring up any political subject whatever.

"Now, the Jews in Germany are a source of double danger. In fluance they are aconstant menace to German prosperity. In the movement of social

wealth of Germany are Jevs. It is mammon on one hand and revolution on the other.

"But that alone would never have caused me to wage war against Judaism. When the Jews begin to attack my Church, when they begin to undermine its foundation, I have a right to call out to them, 'Hands off! I cannot permit that.' Germany, as well as America, cannot be dominated by the Jewish spirit. The German and Christian spirit alone can prevail.

The German and Christian spirit and prevail.

"Another thing: I am never an attacker, only a defender. In the German papers I have found many attacks on Christianity, but none on Judaism. Judaism wants to criticise everything, God and man, kaiser and people, high and low. But as seen as the lantern of criticism is turned upon them they scream. Now that is a position which a girl of fourteen may allow horself to assume, but it will not do for a powerful race.

powerful race.
"I will tell you an American story. In 1635

anow norsel to assume, but win not do for a powerful race.

"I will tell you an American story. In 1635 Roger Williams, the founder of Rhode Island, in writing on the relation of the State to the Church, compared the situation to that of the Church, compared the situation to that of the passengers on a ship at sea. 'Some,' he said, might want to hold service on the Sabbath day. Those who did not care to attend need not do so. If any man cared to hold a service for himself in his own room, nobody need listen. No matter whether the passengers rayed or did not pray, the Captain continued to guide the ship in his own way."

"New, I think that illustrates the position perfectly and I must say that in Germany the Jews have not yet learned those things that Roger Williams knew in 1635. On the way over here, several of the passengers asked me to conduct service on a Bunday. Now, would you believelt, several Jews who were on board went to the Captain and asked him not to allow me to conduct service. That Is the position which the Jewstake.

"But, nevertheless, I like the Jews; I believe in their ultimate return to the promised land. I think it will be good for them and—a great deal better for us."

In an interview yesterday afternoon Dr. Stoesker said he had not had time to inform himself thoroughly as to the condition and status of the Hebrews in this country, but he had learned enough to feel assured that they were not a neenace to the State and to the Christian religion as flery were in Germany. They had no social position he had discovered, and they did not control the press as they did in Prussia. While they had wealth, the Americans were too wide awake to let them monopolize the money in the market as did the idealist Germans.

BISMARCE'S CONDITION.

Many of the Reports About His Health are Exaggerated.

KISSINGEN, Oct. 3 .- Many contradictory reports are current regarding the condition of Prince Bismarck, and the slightest change for the worse is magnified into a serious condition. For instance, yesterday it was said, or apparently reliable authority, that the Prince had suffered with paralysis and that his right hand was practically useless. To-day it is announced that the "paraiysis" was caused by nounced that the "parairsia" was caused by the bite of an insect. The Prince was recently litten on the neck, and the swelling thus caused extended to the right arm and hand, endering it impossible for the time being for the Prince to use that hand. He is now able to use it carefully. A barber was to-day called in to shave off the beard the Prince had grown since his illness.

Count Horbert Bismarck denies the report published in an English newspaper that his father had sold his memoirs to a South German publisher for 500,000 marks, on the condition that they shall be published immediately after his death.

dition that they shall be published immediately after his death.

Frince Bismarck will return to Friedrichsruhe via Hebra and Hanover, and thus avoid passing through Berlin.

Prince Bismarck's condition remains about the same. He passes most of his time lying upon a couch reading novels and newspapers, upon a couch reading novels and newspapers. The Prince remarked to his physician. Dr. Schweninger, yesterday, that the newspapers ought to be very grateful to him for giving them so much copy in the dead season. Dr. Schweninger is very indignant with the officials who are attempting to make a scapegoat of him in connection with Prince Bismarck's illness.

of him in consecution illness.

A Bresiau newspaper says Prince Bismarck is reported to be so ill that it is doubtful whether he will leave Kissingen alive. No confirmation of such a report is obtainable in

THE GREAT COAL STRIKE.

The Mayore of British Manufacturing Cities Will Try to Make Peace.

LONDON, Oct. 3.-The Coal Mine Owners' As sociation, at a meeting held to-day, reiterated its decision that there could be no settlement of the miners' strike unless the men agreed to accept a reduction in their wages. An invitation was received from the Mayors

of Sheffield, Leeds, Bradford, Nottingham, and Derby, asking the masters to send delegates tatives of the miners, with the object of endeav

tatives of the miners with the object of endeavoring to effect some settlement of the dispute. The association appointed three delegates to attend the conference.

The Alexandra and Craven collieries in the Coventry district, Warwickshire, were the scenes to-day of attacks by striking miners upon the men who had signified their intention of resuming work. A mob of the strikers gathered about the pits, and when the workers appeared they were surrounded and threatened with violence if they tried to descend into them. In many cases the food wallets carried by the men were selzed by the mob and their contents devoured. The workers were so thoroughly intimidated by the mob that they refused to go to work.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 3.—Thousands of coal miners are quitting work to join the strikers in the Charlerof and Borinage districts.

Pans, Oct. 3.—Striking coal miners started riots last evening at Liévin, department of Pas-de-Calais, and Drucourt, department of Pas-de-Calais, and Drucourt, department of Eure. The military and police quickly dispersed the crowds.

THE ANARCHIST'S FATE. Pallas Will be Shot with His Back to the

Firing Party. BARCELONA, Oct. 3.-The Supreme Council of War has ratified the sentence of death against Pallas, the Anarchist, who recently sought to kill Gen. Martinez de Campos by throwing two disgraceful as possible the court-martial decreed that he should be shot standing with his

creed that he should be shot standing with his back to the firing party. The place of execution will be behind Mont Juich.

Pallas's family nave visited him to bid him farewell. He maintained a stolid demeanor until it became time for him to say his last good-by to his little children. He kissed them over and over again, and bade them not to follow in his footsters, meantime crying bitterly. His mother asked him whether he believed in God, and he dryly responded. "Na" Pallas now declares that he has very important information that he intends to reveal at the last moment.

Anarchists here and in Madrid are collecting a fund for the benefit of Pallas's wife and mother. Torres, a conspicuous agitator among Madrid Anarchists, was arrested to-day and was brought to Barcelona this evening. He is suspected of being an accomplice of Pallas.

LOBENGULA MEANS FIGHT.

The British Preparing to Repel His Ex-LONDON, Oct. 3.- A despatch from Cape Town says that the Matabele have fired again on the police of the South African Company. As in July the attack was made near Victoria. The Matabele force has been increased rapidly in the last six weeks, and now is estimated as about 7,000 men. Chief Lobengula is exceed-ingly belligerent, and an attack on Fort Vic-toria is likely to be made soon by his warriors. Sir Henry Loch, Commissioner at Victoria, is

preparing to repel the attack. CHOLERA.

Not a Single New Case Reported at Hamburg Yesterday.

Hamburg, Oct. 3.-For the first time in some days the cholera returns for the twenty-four hours ended at noon to-day show that no new nours ended at noon to-day show that no new cases have been reported. Three deaths from the disease occurred within the time named.

Rosts, Oct. 3.—During the twenty-four hours ended at noon to-day forty-nine new cases of cholera and twenty-six deaths were reported in Palermo and six new cases and two deaths in Leghorn. A traveller from Leghorn died of cholera in Pisa to-day.

The Duke and Duchess of York in Edin-

EDINBURGH. Oct. 3.-This town is taking a holiday to-day, the occasion being the visit of the Duke and Duchess of York. The streets and houses are very prettily decorated. The villagers added their quota to the number of villagers added their quota to the number of residents that thronged the streets to welcome the young royal couple. Upon the arrival of the Duko and Duchoss they were met by the officers of the corporation in full state robes. They were esserted to the Town Hall, where the Lord Provest, the Right Hon. James A. Russell, presented to them the wedding gifts prepared for them by the corporation and citizens. These consisted of gold and silver plate and books. Afterward the freedom of the city was con-ferred upon the Duke.

Suicide of a Hungarian Official. BUDAPEST, Oct. 3.—Alexius Bokros, Vice-President of the Hungarian lower House. was found on the pavement in front of his

house several days ago with his skull fractured, and the report was sent out that he fell accidentally from the window of his room in the third story. Bokros died soon after he was found. To-day it was learned that he took his life on account of business troubles in his practice as a lawyer. He had embezzled funds intrusted to him by his client the Countess Montbach, and had such all his available money in unfortunate speculation on the Bourse. When the Countess discovered his dishonesty she began proceedings against him. The disgrace unsettled his mind and drove him to suicids. house several days ago with his skull frac-

Did He Have Designs Against the Cuar ! COPENHAGEN, Oct. 3.-Exciting reports are current here concerning a supposed plot against the Czar. A French monk appeared at Fredensborg Castle on Sunday, asserting that he was sent by the Pope on a secret mission to the Princess Waldemar, King Christian's daughter-in-law, who would present him to the Czar. As the Princess and other royal personages present refused to receive him without previous inquiry, the monk disappeared. No trace of him has been found since.

Will the Czarewitch Wed Princess Mand? BERLIN, Oct. 3 .- Das Kleine Journal hears from its St. Petersburg correspondent that the betrothal of the Princess Maud, third daughter of the Prince of Wales, to the Crarewitch is underdiscussion at Fredensborg Castle, where the Princess of Wales and the Czar have been visiting the Danish King and Queen for sev-eral weeks.

The Argentine Troubles, BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 3.—Dr. Alem, the Radical leader, has been arrested in this city. The re-bellion is believed to have been suppressed throughout the republic.

Why? Pearline-the only Washing Compound ever imitated.

"THE PURITY OF THE WRONGED WIFE DEAD Apollinaris

Offers the best security against the dangers of most of the ordinary drinking waters."

LONDON MEDICAL RECORD.

POPE AND KING.

Intest Phases of the Conflet Between the Vations and the Quirtual.

ROME, Oct. 3.-Forty Italian Bishops are not without their exequaturs owing to the conflict between the Vatican and the Quirinal. These despatches a few days ago stated that the Italian Government had decided to refuse to

Italian Government had decided to refuse to grant exequaturs to the Bishons, the step being attributed to the Pope's refusal to recognize King Humbert's right to nominate the Patriarch of Venice.

The Bishop of Fissele recently complained personally to King Humbert about the Government's action. The King replied that he deplored the situation, but the Ministry had decided to refuse all exequaturs until the Vatican should recognize the rights of the Crown. Within the Vatican the attitude of the Government is believed to be inspired, not by the question of the patriarchate of Venice, but by irritation at the Pope's French policy. The Vatican relies upon the fact that the existing state of things throughout the Italian diocesses cannot continue without danger to the Government.

NORWEGIAN INDEPENDENCE.

Bjoernson, the Poet, Strongly Advocates Separation.

VIENNA. Oct. 3.-Bjoernstjerne Bjoernson, the Norwegian poet and novelist, talked with a reporter in the Tyrol to-day concerning the separatist movement in Norway. Bioernson is the fieriest of the Radical agitators who are guiding this movement. He said that the Norwegians were right in trying to shake off the bonds of union with Sweden, and referred sympathetically to the similar struggle of Iro-land to loosen the ties which hold her to Great Britain.

land to loosen the ties which hold her to Great Britain.

His ultimate ideal is a Norwegian republic with no entangling alliances. He said he was opposed to the proposal that Norway should cede a harbor to Russia. He thought it would be a false and perilous policy to enter into any alliance with the Czar. France had held that Scandinavia ought to be kept outside the European war camps. He believed so too. At all events, his pen should never do service to the cause of Russia.

Jares of Foreign Happeniugs,

The condition of Prime Minister Sagasta, who injured himself by falling in a street of Madrid a few days ago, became worse on Monday night. His friends are anxious regarding him. Premier Sagasta's physicians say that he is much better this evening.

Georges Muller, the explorer sent out by the French Government on a scientific mission, has been murdered between Antananarivo, the capital of Madarascar, and Majunga, on the northwest coast.

Monmonth Presbytery Denounces Race Track Legislation. ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 3.-The Presbytery of Monmouth, which is in session in Mount

Holly, passed to-day the following preamble and resolution:

Wherea, in view of the stigma fixed upon our State
by recent legislation legalizing race course gambling.

Belt expressed as the sentiment of this Fresbyter,
the legislation recommunion to the state of the sentiment of the sent

Several addresses were made by leading members of the Presbytery in denunciation of race-track legislation. Some of the speakers especially denounced "Duke" Thompson of Gloucester county for what they termed his brazenness and display of utter contempt for the moral sentiment of the State in announcing himself a candidate for the United States Senatorship to succeed John R. McPherson.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Oct. 3.-Heavy rains have fallen during the past twenty-four hours in the Pan Handle country, and as a result the in the Pan Handle country, and as a result the Canadian River is on a tear. The bridge on the Fort Worth and Denver road, 324 feet in length, and a part of the approaches have gone out. The Santa Fos southern Ransas division has a heavy washout between Cochran and Canadian on the Pan Handle, and on Sunday night the bridge at Furcell on the Gulf division went out. The bridge on the Rock Island crossing near Minco, Okla, also went out on Monday night. Not a stick of timber remains, Construction gangs are at work repairing the damage. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas road was the only line open to the North last night, and fears are expressed that the bridges night, and fears are expressed that the bridges at the Canadian Crossing near Eufaula will go out.

Stabbed by an Insane Italian. An insane Italian, whose name the police say is Dominico Romade, held up seventeenyear-old Jerry Center, at 70% James street, year-old Jerry Center, at 10% James street, yesterday afternoon, and stabbed him several times in the thigh with a dirk knife. There was considerable excitement before the Italian was overpowered. He was looked up in the Onk street station. An ambulance surgeon of the Chambers Street Hospital dressed Center's cuts, and he went to his home at 14 loosevelt street. Romade is 45 years old, and lives at 4 Cherry street. The police say there was no proyecation for the assault. lives at 4 Cherry street. The police was no provocation for the assault.

A Young Woman Thrown from a Wag on Henry Callaghan of 172 West Eighty-first street was driving a light wagon in Central street was driving a light wagon in Central Park last evening, accompanied by Catherine Evans of 26 West Eighty-eighth street. The horse ran away at Fast Ninetieth street and dashed out of the Park. Callaghan jumped out of the wagon. The girl was thrown out, and her head struck the paving stones. Miss Fvans received a bad scalp wound, and was removed to the Prespyterian Hospital. Before the horse was stopped it had run six blocks and collided with a telegraph pole. The horse was not hurt, but the wagon was damaged.

An Important Witness Against Breckin.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 3.-Mrs. Luke P. Blackburn, widow of ex-Gov. Blackburn, suthorized a re porter to-night to say that she did write the letter to Gen. Basil Duke in which she said Congressman Breckinridge's friends would not defend him if they knew how he had treated the writer. Mrs. Blackburn is the woman to whom Breckinridge introduced Madeline Pollard as his intended wife and is an important witness in the suit. Breckinridge's friends have denied that she wrote the letter. porter to-night to say that she did write the

A Ballston Spa Hotel Burned, BALLSTON Spa. N. Y., Oct. 3.-The Plaza Hotel and its adjoining barn and stables were deand its adjoining cart and statics were destroyed by fire this evening.

The guests and employees escaped from the hotel saving only the apparel they were. The Fire Department by great efforts saved the Haynor House, the haliston Journal office, the Delaware and Hudson passenger station, and the Eagle Hose Company's house, all of which were somewhat scorched by the heat.

A steamer, supposed to be the United States steamship New York, which sailed from Nor-folk on Monday at 11 P. M. for this port, an-chored outside the bar at 12:40 o'clock this

HODGMAN MACKINTOSH TO WEAR AT THE YACHT RACES?

HAVE YOU A

One of these celebrated garments would prove very useful, as they combine with the advantages of a waterproof all the elegance, finish, and comfort of an overcoat or ulster. Assortment at both stores.

HODGMAN RUBBER COMPANY, COR GRAND ST. | ADJ. GTH AV. HOTEL

AND THE UNFAITHFUL WIFE OUT OF HER MIND.

Sequel of Mrs. Dobson's Discovery of Mer Husband in a Closet in Mrs. Coxey's House-Mr. Coxey Has Begun Suit for Divorer-His Wife Said to Have Con fessed Her Guit Before She Was Issune CAMDEN. N. J., Oct. 3,-Dr. A. T. Dobson's wife is dead, and their home at Fourth and

Penn streets, Camden, is closed. The home of

J. Clarence Coxey, at 428 Linden street, is dark

and deserted, and Mr. Coxey has begun pro-

ceedings for divorce. His wife is a maniac. All this through the discovery made by Mrs. Dobson at the Coxey residence a fortnight ago. Mrs. Dobson died to-day at the home of her father. William Curtis, on Pearl Street, from what her attending physician said was brain fever, following nervous prostration, but all her friends say from a broken heart. At almost the same hour Judge Howard Carrow was beginning proceedings in divorce for J. Clarence Coxey, who, after days of trusting faith, at last learned of his wife's guilt from her own lips. Though it was learned to a cer tainty that Mr. Coxey had begun the divorce proceedings, Judge Carrow declined to discuss the case, while he admitted the truth.

"It is all too painful for me to talk about." said the Judge. "I knew Mrs. Coxey as a girl of charming presence, and I have been Mr. Coxey's friend and adviser. I cannot now give any information regarding the case."

Never before have Camden society circles been so terribly shocked as by the tragle denoument of this domestic story.

When Mrs. Dobson, acting upon suspicions she had entertained for two years, went to the home of the Coxeys at 428 Linden street and found her husband there under suspicious circumstances, there was no firmer believer in Mrs. Coxey's innocence than her own husband. Despite the damaging story told by Mrs. Dob

Mrs. Coxey's innocence than her own husband. Despite the damaging story told by Mrs. Dobson, he placed unlimited confidence in his wife, and, after hearing her story and that of Dr. Dobson, he exclaimed with energy:

"I'd stake my life upon my wife's fidelity."

Mrs. Dobson's story was that she had gone to the Coxey house with her mother, and insisted that her husband was there. Mrs. Coxey, to prove her suspicions groundless, offered to show her over the house. She passed by a closet on the upper floor, and Mrs. Dobson, seeing that Mrs. Coxey carried a key, concluded that the key belonged to the closet, and that her husband was locked inside. She tried to wrest the key from Mrs. Coxey, and that her husband was locked inside. She tried to wrest the key from Mrs. Coxey, and that he midst of it Dr. Dobson burst the closet door and soparated them. He told his wife that he and Mrs. Coxey, despite appearances, were innocent of wrong doing, and explained his being locked up in the closet on the ground that, although he was only making a neighborly call, fearing his wife's jealousy, be did not wish her to know of it. Despite this explanation Mrs. Dobson had her husband put under honds for trial for infidelity.

Mrs. Dobson's action before the Justice of the Peace for criminality on her husband's part was looked upon by the friends and supporters of the Coxeys as the outcropping of an insanely jealous mind wrought to fever heat by overexeltement to a highly nervous temperament. The somewhat plausible explanations of Dr. Dobson and Mrs. Coxey, which agreed in the main, though they did not fit accurately at sundry points, stifled gossip for a time and so divided public opinion that a large proportion of the community thoroughly believed in Mrs. Coxey's innocence, and that she was, as she said, the hapless victim of an insanely jealous woman and a chain of unfortunate circumstances.

Events moved rapidly, however. Mrs. Dobson, became completely prostrated by the shock.

ante circumstances.
Events moved rapidly, however. Mrs. Dobson

act, which occurred in the Coxey cottage at Ocean City in July last. She had gone driving with the Doctor at Ocean City. Somers Point, and Atlantic City, and had been in his company a great deal while at these resorts. Her story is long and detailed, and the confession, it is reported, occupied thirty-two pages of legal cap in her own handwriting.

Meantime Mrs. Coxey has lost her reason entirely and is constantly watched. Her friends relused to tell where she was, but it was learned that she is under the care of Dr. Anna F. Griffith, who has been the Coxey family physician for a long time. When seen last night, Dr. Griffith said Mrs. Coxey had temporarily lost her mind, and was in a serious condition, but it was hoped to bring her around all right with careful nursing.

Dr. Dobson has not been seen in the city for a fortnight or more and is said to have gone away to wait for the scandal to blow over. Arrangements for Mrs. Dobson's funeral had not been completed late to-night.

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

Pranz Perdinand, Archduke of Austria and heir pra-sumntive to the throne of Austro-Hungary, arrived in Chicago yesterday from Denver.

Fire on Monday night destroyed the immense car barns of the Canton Massilion. Electric Raliway Com-pany in Canton, O. Seveneen motor care, including Canton etty care and three big interurban care, were supported by the company of the care of the care of the Saxty mention that are and other valuable property.

JOITINGS ABOUT TOWN

Licht-Gov, Shechan arrived in town about 10:50 o'clock last night and went to the Hotel New Netherland. eriand.

Gen. Ely S. Parker, who is a full bleeded. Indian, and who, for several years, has been supply cierk in the Pelles Bepartment, returned to duty yesterday after many weeks of illness.

Alderman Charles. Silver Bollar. Smith, who recently went abroad for his health, is now at Carlebad. One of his friends received a despatch from him vesterday, saying that he was feeling well and was living at the library bases.

Horel clattner.

S.T. Richard E. Webster and Surgeon-General Parrell of Engined, and Count Strickland of Matra are at the Windsor Hotel. Str litchard Musgrave of Engined is at the Hirth Avenue. Dr. Adolf Shoecker of Berlin is at the Huckingham.

The appeal of ex-Policoman Matthew T. Datley from his conviction in Becomber last in the Court of type and Terminer of assault in the Hirth degree was heard yesterday by the General Term of the Supreme Court. Decision was reserved. Decision was reserved.

Frankin Bien entered yesterday on behalf of Julius Bien & Co. two jouignents against George W. Lederer, the theatrical manager, one for \$2,250,05 and the other for \$1,274.87, both for printing. Executions were issued to the Sheriff.

other for FL.24.85, both for printing. Excelling were issued to the Shertiff.

Members of the Merchants' Fruit and Produce Trade met year-day aftermoon at the rooms of the New York Fruit Exchange, subscribed several hundred dollars for the benefit of the Sea Island sufferers, and appointed a committee to raise funds.

Assistant bistrict Attorney Mcintyre will move the trial of Emma Goldman before Judge Martine, in Part I, of the teneral Sessions to-day. It is expected that there will be a sharp contest over the selection of the jury, and that nearly two days will be devoted to this work.

Father P. A. Halpin will begin his course of lectures Values P. A. Halpin will begin his course of lectures first time.

A cable despatch received by Mesars Celrichs & Co., agents of the North German Lloyd, says that among the cable passengers of the Spree, due here to day, are fir Stemens, director of the Routeche Hank: Dr. Barth of the Reichbarath Consul Braunfels, Government Assessor Lewald, and Captillicut, von Hore.

The first regular fall meeting of the New York Historical Society was held last sight. President John A. King read a memoral paper on the death of Hamilton Fish, a memor of the society, and formerly it President. The paper of the society, and formerly it President. The paper of the system was read by the Re. B. F. Be Costa, D. D., on "The Huguenot Prigrims on the Holdon".

B. F. De Costa, D. D. on "The Haguenot Prigrims on the Holdson."
The strekholders of the Union Ferry Cempany elected these directors yesterday! William H. Male, Felix Campbell, William A. Ansh. F. Jackson, R. N. Young, Rosewell Edratic, Lowell M. Dainer, Alex E. Orr. John E. Hoffman, H. S. Koapp, Matthew Hunker, William F. Havenleyer, Teorge N. Gardiner, George W. Quintard, and H. H. Hollow.
Justice O'Brien in the Supreme Court in the suit brought by the William O'Hunan Company to set asside the bill of sale of the farmiture of the St. Janes listed and a chaiter northerney for the lease, which were made by the late William M. Connor when his creditors were pressing it in several yours ago, has decided that there was no fraud to the transaction. Justice Patterson of the Supreme Court has author ized the Harvard tith in Mortgage its real estate in Fifth avenue, near Ferty fourth aspect for \$5,0,000. The cropperty was nurchased for \$72,000. These is en indebteiness of \$20,000 still on the purchase prior. This is to be paid off, and with the rest of the money the old buildings will be removed prior to the erection of a new club house.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

To know that a single application of the Cuticura Remedies will. afford instant relief, permit rest" and sleep, and point to a speedy and economical cure of torturing. disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humors, and not to use: them without a moment's delay is to fail in your duty. Cures made in childhood are speedy, economical and permanent.

Sold throughout the world. Porten Davo Are CHEM. CORP., sole proprietors, Boston. 43- "All About the Blood, Skin, Scalp and Hair,"mailed free. Facial Blemiahes, falling hair and simple baby rashes prevented by Cuticura Scap.



or knew the comfort, strength, and with the comfort, strength, and with the comfort, strength, and would never be without them. In the covery way the purest, awestest and see the covery way the purest, and see the covery way the covery w

THE MONTGOMERY'S TRIAL RUN.

Her Chances of Beating the Fine Boened Made by Her Stater Ship.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.- This week the familian race course in Long Island Sound will be thescene of a speed trial which has several elements of much interest. A few months ago the Detroit, a protected cruiser of 2,000 tons. displacement, which had been guaranteed to 2 22 make 17 knots as the average of a four hours to trial, achieved a speed of about 18.72 knots is: or close upon 1% in excess of the stipulation. Now the Montgomery, built at the same time, on the same plans, by the same builders, the Columbian Iron Works of Baltimore, is to have her trial over the same course, and it will be interesting to the public as well as to the constructors to see how she compares with her: sister ship. The builders unquestionably hope to make

over nineteen knots with the Montgomery. and this result, remarkable as it may appear, would sanely jealous woman and a chain of unfortunate circumstances.

Events moved rapidly, however. Mrs. Dobson became completely prostrated by the shock, and soon lay meaning and tossing upon her bed at her father's house, where she had taken her two pretty children. She had been in poor health for nearly two years, and this agony of mind told upon her with terrible effect. She grew worse day by day until death came to relieve at 7:15 o'clock this merning.

Lities assumed something of its old-time, aspec is Coxey home, but one day, now a week aft. Coxey, by the merest chance, found, ester addressed in his wile's familiar hand to Dr. Dobson. The letter was hidden and he managed to keep watch upon it till it disappeared. Then he learned that a servant, commanded to the utmost secrecy, had taken the lotter to a near-by post box and meiled it. After brooding over this circumstance for locurs Mr. Coxey made inquiries and learned that his wife had been seen to meet Dr. Dobson in back streets, to get in his carriage at various times and take drives with him. With the lotter to a near-by post box and meiled it. After brooding over this circumstance for locurs Mr. Coxey made inquiries and learned that his wife had been seen to meet Dr. Dobson in back streets, to get in his carriage at various times and take drives with him. With the felter from the proposed of tears and acknowledged her guilt.

Since that day the Coxey residence has been closed, and to-day the legister of Deeds office in Camden showed that the house had been conveyed by Mrs. Coxey and her husband to the latter's brother, William J. Coxey, in whose house in the next block Mr. Coxey and his bright six-year-old son now find a home.

In her confession Mrs. Coxey, it is said, told of two years of intimacy with Jr. Dobson. She said, however, that there was but one criminal act, which occurred in the Coxey cottage at Ocean City in July last. She had gone driving with the Doctor at Ocean City, Somers Point, and Atiantic City, and had been in his commany a great dea not be surprising. There is undoubtedly an much in the art of preparing a vessel for her The selection of engineers and firemen, for ex-12 ample, and the choice of coal are important elements. The experience of the builders with fine the Detroit ought to be of value in their trial following of her successor, and in addition there is a successor. special possibility of gain. Soon after the in docking her that two of her propeller blades X during her trial run. On examining the records

fractions of a quarter either in giving premiums or exacting penalties, so that she received only \$150,000 instead of upward of \$170,000. It is believed that the Montgomery, weren if exactly as good as the Detroit, can be pushed to make up the few hundredths of a knot, which would mean \$25,000 extra to her builders, while, as has been said, they expedit to exceed nineteen knots, and thereby earn at least \$200,000. Since the contract price of the two vessels was only \$1,25,000, a premfum et \$350,000 above that price would certainly represent a very handsome gain.

It should be observed that the Montgomery and Detroit were contracted for at an exceedingly low price on a practical certainty of earning a premium. This resulted from the fact that their engines were originally designed to produce 18 knots, whereas the contract calls for only 17. It happened, however, that the bids for the vessels and for their sister ship, the Martichead, when 18 knots was the speed demanded, were all in excess of the limit of cost fixed by Congress, which was \$700,000 each. Mr. Tracy accordingly reduced the guarantee to 17 knots and made further concessions in giving more time to build the vessels and also rearranged the basis of premiums. The original bids had been \$780,000 each by the Cramps. Taking off a knot from the stipulated speed of course allowed the bids to be \$100,000 lower on the same basis of calculation. It will be seen, however, that even then the hid of the Columbian Iron Works for two of the vessels at \$12,500 each, and of harrison Loring for the third at \$674,000 were very low, and accordingly no one will grudge any amount of premium which the builders may earth, especially as a full equivalent will be given for it in extra speed.

The Government, indeed, in these three 2,000 tonners seems to have secured very useful and economical station duty in nearly all waters, having a length on load line of 257 feet, an extreme breadth of \$7, and a mean draught of 14 knot many proposed and the more required of her. These ves

Harvard "Sophs" Rush the Police.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 3 .- "Bloody Monday" night at Harvard passed off comparatively quiet this year. The usual ardent desire for the annual rush of freshmen and sophomores was cooled by the presence of police-men in the yard throughout the evening and a previous speech to the freshmen by Mayor Baneroft in Saunders's Theatre, which cau-tioned them to behave themselves. There were sporadic gatherings and meetings of class groups late in the evening, but no rush was accomplished. At midnight, however, the sophomores rushed the police, who stood their ground and carried off three of the students to spend the night in jall. phomores was cooled by the presence of police

Money's So "Tight"

There seems no remedy but the "Gold Cure." while that cough of yours will yield to nothing but the great and only cold cure. Every bottle of Riker's Expectorant is worth its weight in gold, because it guarantees to cure your cold or forfeit the money. You can buy a bettle for 60 cts. in silver, though, of your druggist or at

RIKER'S,

SIXTH AV., COR. TWENTY-SECONDST.